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National Counter Terrorism Centre

2 Mar, 2013 Dr M N Buch, Centre for Governance and Political Studies, VIF View625 Comments

When we were caught unawares by the Pakistani intrusion into Kargil a high powered committee was set up under Shri K.S. Subraman Defence Secretary of India, to suggest measures whereby we could avoid intelligence failures, provide for a quick response to a Kargil like such counter insurgency measures as would make India secure. Like all reports of this nature the Subramaniam Committee reports meaningfully implemented. We even failed to set up a coordinating agency within the armed forces under a Chief of Defence Staff, not so civil service component of the Defence Ministry opposed this but because there was inter-service rivalry between the armed forces prepared to accept a higher authority for the purpose of coordination. Since Kargil, just as it was before Kargil, India has continued terrorism, largely sponsored by our neighbour, Pakistan, but also terrorism which has been born within the country. I am including insured which use violence as a major weapon within the definition of terrorism and, therefore, Naxalite violence or the type of violence one Kashmir would also come within the overall ambit of terrorism.

In the United States of America on 11th September 2001 aircraft were used by terrorists as living bombs and crashed into the World Towers in New York and the Pentagon in Washington D.C. Several thousand lives were lost and even more injured in these horrible exterrorism in which aircraft were used as suicide bombs. Now it is a fact that the United States of America is a federation in which all resid the States, which means that what is not specifically reserved for the Federal Government is available to the State Governments. In India because under the Seventh Schedule of the Constitution, apart from the Union List which gives the exclusive powers of Parliament and tl gives the exclusive power of the State Legislatures, there is the Concurrent List in which both law making bodies have the power to legisthat a law of Parliament overrides a State law on the same subject. Residuary powers are vested in the Centre and there are circumstance. Centre can give directions to the States, can legislate on behalf of the States under certain circumstances even on matters in the State the extent of dismissing a State Government and assuming direct federal control under Article 356 of the Constitution. In other wor centripetal federation, heavily weighted in favour of the Centre. Despite this, after 11th September 2001 incident the United States gov take really effective measures to prevent a similar attack in future. Agencies like FBI and CIA were strengthened and their powers enhance counter insurgency centre was set up which had the authority to intercept mails, telephones and various electronic means of communications technology and to take effective action to arrest and neutralise would be terrorists.

None of the State Government raised any objection to the new arrangement, despite the fact that the counter terrorism organisation wa powers which lay within the domain of the State and local governments. No one distrusted the new arrangement or considered it politic had full confidence that the agency would use its authority against terrorists and would not harass ordinary citizens or destablise State ( is more, the police at all levels, city, county, State and federal, all work in tandem. Their single objective is the maintenance of law and the safety and security of citizens and they do not eye each other with suspicion. The culture there is that in performing its police fur allowed to work according to law and the kind of political and other interference which takes place in India is virtually unknown. In Madh the Home Minister insisted on the suspension or at least the transfer of an Inspector of the Traffic Police because he dared to pull up a t for not wearing a helmet when riding a two wheeler. The boy was the son of a party worker. Moving out the Inspector in this manner not the entire Force and to expect it thereafter to maintain order and counter terrorism would be virtually impossible of achievement. Defying in Britain or United States is totally unthinkable. This example is being given because if in the minor matter of a traffic violation intervenes and prevents the police from performing its function how can anyone trust the police to be able to deal with a major threat of

The Government of India has been trying to create agencies within the government structure which could collect and collate intelligence, information to the field authorities and then ensure that the terrorist organisations are hit hard enough to hurt. If we go back to the twentieth century, especially at about the time of the Partition of Bengal by Lord Curzon, a terrorist organisation called the Anusheel being. Its organisation was cellular and, therefore, very secretive. The bomb and the bullet were their favourite weapons. The British Bengali officers of the Bengal Police to penetrate this organisation, collect information on different cells, which were largely unconne intelligence input became adequate they suddenly struck and virtually destroyed the Anusheelan Party. This was one of the most terrorism campaigns ever conducted in India. The Bengal Police was totally trusted by the British, just as the Punjab Police was trusted Ghadar Movement. In the Punjab it is only after Julio Rebeiro and K.P.S. Gill revitalised the Punjab Police and it came to the forefr

Khalistani terrorism that the situation began to normalise. The day the J&K Police becomes operationally capable of taking on militancy ir control this phenomenon. The Special Operations Group of the J&K Police has already begun to show signs of promise. In the Naxalite are would be the Andhra Pradesh Police which has targeted the top leaders and eliminated them and has the situation firmly in control in to This is the capability of our police, provided it is given good leadership and this is the Force which must be co-opted into countering now when the NCTC does not become a surrogate of the State Police. Its role has to be of a mentor, a provider of credible inform necessary, a strike force that will complement the State Police.

As originally envisaged NCTC was to operate within the framework of the Intelligence Bureau. Under Entry 9 of List 1 of the Seven Constitution Parliament has the power to legislate both on the Intelligence Bureau and on the Central Bureau of Investigation (IB) and (even today there is no law governing both these organisations and such police powers that CBI has are enjoyed as the Delhi Special P created by the DSPE Act. Naturally the States were extremely wary of a wing of IB, not accountable to Parliament because it is a purely government, with NCTC being empowered to enjoy police powers in the matter of striking at terrorists, taking armed action and arresting intercepting telephone calls, and means of electronic communication in the realm of information technology and information communicat non-Congress States opposed the move because they were convinced that the new organisation would be used to spy on political oppo and harass political leaders opposed to the ruling party. Many Congress Chief Ministers also have reservations. Therefore, NCTC could intelligence is both scattered and random and there is no fully legally empowered coordinating agency which can not only obtain and anal also strike against terrorists without any delay. IB is not and does not have a strike force, NIA looks at cases at the stage when an incider has to be investigated ex post facto. Who will make preemptive strikes? The States have raised the bogey of a conspiracy by the Cer autonomy and intervene in matters within List 2 of the Seventh Schedule. Incidents like Hyderabad, therefore, continue to happen. The Central agencies and State Police Forces continues. This environment is not conducive to cooperative effort or coordinated action.

Coordination apart, it must also be realised that the State Police has to function under strong political constraint. Many terrorist groups connections and if the police tries to deal with them impartially, then these terrorists can use their political strength to negate police act terrorism. The importance of a federal agency is that it is not under local influence and, therefore, can afford to be more objective an goonda or terrorist may have a limited sphere of influence within which he feels safe, but if national level agencies come into action then disappears and the law will take its course. My submission is that a central organisation does not weaken the State Police but instead I environment in which the State Police can act. This is a matter worth consideration.

There is the fear that the State Police will be superseded by NCTC, which will then arrest opposition Chief Ministers, thus creating a which the ruling party at the Centre can walk to power in that State. Apparently, these fears are grossly exaggerated because NCTC State Police, it will have to hand over the accused persons to the local police station after they have been caught and the entire legal properties followed by the investigating agency. Apart from the new agency being under political watch it will also be subject to the scrutiny Keshwanand Bharti case no one in India can possibly weaken the courts or remove executive agencies from the scrutiny of the carbitrarily, under political influence or unprofessionally then the courts will intervene and restore the balance. At the same time if NCTC be instrument for sourcing of information but also a coordinator of action against terrorists and conspirators of terror we can certainly become

The United States is fortunate that it has a friendly neighbour, Canada, on the northern border and an equally friendly neighbour, Mexiborder. The eastern and western borders of the country face two huge oceans which are very much under the control of the United Stat Guard. Infiltration of terrorists from abroad, therefore, is very difficult. Home grown terrorism based on religion, caste, or region is alm has a porous northern, western and eastern land frontier, facing as we do Pakistan and, close by, Afghanistan and China, a not always and Myanmar which, till very recently till our relations with the country improved, was not averse to sheltering militants from our north sea frontiers are liable to infiltration from Pakistan, from the Arab littoral and from various insurgent groups or pirates which might cr time towards our east. Terrorism is exported to India and, therefore, is difficult to control. Besides this we have our own internal pro militancy, separatism and violence emanating from religion, caste and region. To the extent the Naxalites use violence as a major wer form of terrorism. A communal riot takes place, it further divides communities and this encourages the growth of terrorism. Every time bring the law into contempt because no one obeys the law we encourage terrorism. Apart from NCTC, therefore, it is absolutely essential to sectarian and regional strife, control separatist movements which are home grown and ensure that communal riots do not take place. authority for the control of terrorism becomes of vital importance and it is about time our political parties started to think nationally an parochial interests. It is in this context that a legally constituted Intelligence Bureau, properly empowered and made accountable, is already includes counter espionage, which would cover insurgency, militancy and terrorism. Once the IB is made accountable by lar located within it. One can then assume that the States will accept NCTC as a friend and hostility to it will cease.

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